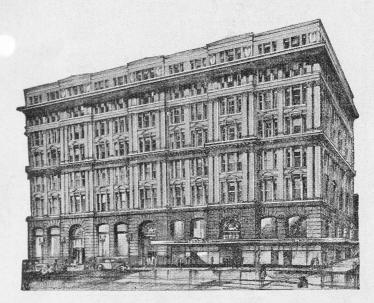
The State Savings Bank

OF VICTORIA

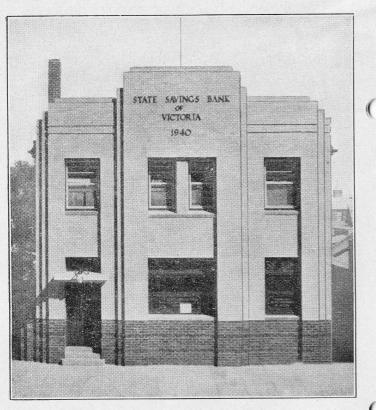
Guaranteed by the Government of Victoria ESTABLISHED 1841



HEAD OFFICE: ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE

ANNUAL REPORT

For Year Ended 30th June, 1941



New Premises-Charlton Branch.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

COMMISSIONERS :

W. Warren Kerr, C.M.G., C.B.E. (Chairman). Jas. C. Gates, Esq. (Deputy Chairman). Jno. Kean, Esq. Prof. D. B. Copland, C.M.G. Hector T. McKenzie, Esq.

GENERAL MANAGER : Norman R. Williams, O.B.E., B.Com.

ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER : N. S. White.

> ACTING SECRETARY : G. Cartwright.

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT : L. D. Johnston.

AT 30th JUNE, 1941.

Total Assets of the Bank.

Savings Bank Department . . . £79,320,554 Credit Foncier Department . . . £21,748,751

£101,069,305

Reserve Funds

Savings Bank Department . . . £5,605,000 Credit Foncier Department . . . £1,297,734

> Accounts 1,515,835 Balances £71,746,740

221 Branches.

392 Agencies.

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE, 1941, WITH THE ACCOUNTS AND STATEMENTS REQUIRED BY SECTION 123 OF ACT NO. 3777.

The Commissioners of the State Savings Bank of Victoria present with pleasure the Bank's hundredth annual report.

On the 1st September, 1841, the Legislature of the Colony of New South Wales, of which Port Phillip was then a District, enacted that "an institution to be called 'The Savings Bank of Port Phillip' shall be established at Melbourne . . . with power to establish branch banks." A Board of Trustees appointed on the 12th October, 1841, met for the first time on the 11th November, 1841, and had as its President the Superintendent of Port Phillip-Charles Joseph La Trobewhose name will always be prominently associated with the early history of the State. Rules and Regulations were adopted on the 10th December, 1841, and on the 1st January, 1842, the Bank opened for business. In 1853, following the separation of Victoria from New South Wales, the title was changed to The Savings Bank of Victoria; in 1896, its large lending department -the Credit Foncier-was established as a separate and distinct department, and in 1912 the Bank's present title was adopted-The State Savings Bank of Victoria. The progress of the Bank has always been linked with the development of the State, and now in its hundredth year we record with pride that for the first time the assets of the two departments exceed £100,000,000.

For convenience of reference, the report is divided into three parts:----

Part 1.—Savings Bank Department, paragraphs 1 to 18.

Part 2.—Credit Foncier Department, paragraphs 19 to 31.

Part 3.—General, paragraphs 32 and 33.

Part 1.-SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

1. The net profit for the year, after making provision for doubtful debts, depreciation and contingencies, is $\pounds 246,989/5/3$. The balance of Profit and Loss Account including the amount brought forward from last year is $\pounds 429,662/19/$ -, from which $\pounds 275,000$ is transferred to Reserve Fund and $\pounds 154,662/19/$ - is carried forward to next year.

2. Reserve Funds total $\pounds 5,605,000$ comprising General Reserve $\pounds 4,320,000$ and Reserves for Interest Fluctuation, Depreciation and Contingencies $\pounds 1,285,000$.

3. Investment of Funds at 30th June, 1941:---

Cash on hand and deposits with other banks £25,420,09116 0 Australian Consolidated Inscribed Stock and Performent and Commented In Transury

Bonds, and Commonwearth Treasury		
Bills	31,872,071 19 11	
*Debentures of Municipal and other public		
authorities	18,838,263 8 3	
Mortgage loans, etc	2,425,127 4 7	
Bank premises		

†£79,320,554 8 9

*Including Credit Foncier debentures the amount of which has been deducted in calculating the percentage 38.76 appearing in paragraph 4.

[†]This sum includes funds of the Insurance Trust Account, which were deducted when calculating the percentage of liquid assets to depositors' balances shown in paragraph 4.

4. Liquid Assets (cash on hand and deposits with other banks) are 34.98 per cent. of depositors' balances. A sum equal to an additional 38.76 per cent. of depositors' balances is invested for terms not exceeding five years in Government securities and those of Municipal and other public authorities.

5. Loans on Mortgage. In accordance with the Bank's policy to conserve funds for investment in war loans, advances during the year were restricted to existing borrowers to pay prior charges, to make improvements or to carry on, the amount advanced being $\pounds 35,737$. At 30th June, 1941, the balance of principal advanced in respect of 2,026 current loans is $\pounds 2,414,850$. The maximum term for these loans is three years; the rate of interest has been $4\frac{1}{2}$ per ecnt. per annum throughout the year.

6. Bank Premises. This asset consists of 255 properties stands in the balance-sheet at $\pounds765,000$, the capital expenditure of $\pounds39,500$ during the year exceeding the amount written off by $\pounds15,000$.

7. The amount at credit of depositors is $\pounds71,746,740/1/2$, as shown in the following statement, the increase of $\pounds4,386,116/16/9$ for the year having been achieved despite substantial investments by depositors in Commonwealth loans and war savings certificates (see paragraph 14).

Depositors' balances at 30th June, 1940 £67,360,623 4 5 Deposits received during

year	$\begin{array}{c} \pounds 54,559,205\ 1,329,517 \end{array}$	$16 \\ 9$	$\frac{1}{8}$		
of the standard and the set of the set	55,888,723	5	9		
Amount withdrawn during year	51,502,606	9	0		
Increase during year				4,386,116 16	9
Depositors' balances at 30th	June, 194	1		£71,746,740 1	2

The amount of depositors' balances at 30th June, 1941, is the highest total attained in the history of the Bank.

After deducting 430,687 inoperative accounts under £1, the average amount at credit of depositors is $\pounds 65/15/11$, compared with $\pounds 63/13/10$ the previous year.

8. Depositors' Accounts.

Number at 30th June, 1940	1,477,133
Accounts closed during year 140,413	
Increase in number of accounts	38,702
Number at 30th June, 1941	1,515,835

There are also 208,856 depositors in school banks and 60,704 depositors in group savings clubs.

9. Interest on Depositors' Accounts.

- (a) Pass-book accounts (on minimum monthly balance up to $\pounds 1,000$)—2 per cent. per annum.
- (b) Deposit stock (on daily balance up to £1,000)—2½ per cent. per annum, free of State Income Tax (ordinary and special), but subject to State Unemployment Relief Tax and Federal Income Tax.

In addition to having a pass-book account, a depositor may invest in deposit stock, in multiples of $\pounds 10$. This stock may be withdrawn on giving notice varying from one week for $\pounds 10$ to six months for $\pounds 1,000$. In the event of the death of a registered proprietor, the whole of the stock is payable at not more than one month's notice.

10. School Banks number 2,889, compared with 2,884 at 30th June, 1940; 429 are in the metropolitan area and 2,460 are in the country. Depositors number 208,856 and the amount at their credit is $\pounds 261,591$ — an average of $\pounds 1/5/1$ each.

Depositors' balances exceed $\pounds 2,000$ at each of 2 schools, and exceed $\pounds 1,000$ at each of 21 others.

In recognition of the voluntary services rendered by teachers, the Bank gives two scholarships, each of £40 per annum, for competition by resident students doing the primary course at the Teachers' Training College.

11. The Service Department. To enable employees to make deposits on their respective pay days without having to visit the Bank, 774 group savings clubs with a total membership of 60,704 are established in factories and business houses. During the year 1,239,865 deposits amounting to $\pounds515,589$ were made. The amount at credit of these depositors is $\pounds351,065$.

Pay envelopes numbering 8,923,150, conveying thrift messages, were supplied to 2,561 factories, firms, etc. The number of pay envelopes supplied since they were first distributed in October, 1915, is 155,892,430. Safety money boxes numbering 57,628 were sold during the year at a cost of 6d. each. An approximate average of the contents of boxes opened at branches is 1/12/6. Since the date of the first issue in 1908, 1,603,222 have been sold.

12. Progress of the Bank during the ninety-nine and a half years of its existence is reflected in the statements presented with this report, covering the operations of 221 branches and 392 agencies. At the principal metropolitan branch, in Elizabeth Street, the balances at credit of 193,223 depositors total $\pounds 9,791,760$. At 7 other branches, depositors' balances exceed $\pounds 1,000,000:$ —

Geelong	 £1,918,887
Swanston Street, Melbourne	
Ballarat	
Footscray	
Bendigo	
Prahran	
Brunswick	 1,055,501

Growth in the number of depositors and in the amount at their credit, in three successive periods of ten years:—

Year		(not i ii	iber of Depo ncluding dep n School Ban oup Savings	oosito ks	\mathbf{rs}		Amount at Credit (inclusive)
1921	 	 		928,009			 	£43,665,392
1931	 	 		1,250,873			 	57,138,263
1941	 	 		1,515,835			 	71,746,740

13. New Branch. During the year a branch was established at Ballarat East.

14. Commonwealth Loans and War Savings Certificates. During the year the Bank invested $\pounds1,950,000$ in war loans, and depositors lodged through the Bank 10,113 subscriptions for $\pounds1,285,140$. Since 1915 depositors have lodged subscriptions for $\pounds28,301,700$.

Sales of war savings certificates, which have been on issue since 18th March, 1940, have been:—

During During			Purchase Price £739,582 1,193,504		
			£1,933,086	£2,416,357	

The Bank has also assisted in the collection and transmission of gifts and interest-free loans to the Commonwealth Government.

15. Facilities for Members of the Defence Forces stationed within Australia and overseas have been provided.

At large camps in Victoria suitable buildings have been erected for use as sub-offices at which ordinary banking business may be effected at convenient hours. At other camps officers of the Bank attend regularly to provide similar services.

Members of the forces stationed in States other than Victoria may avail themselves of the inter-state facilities provided for the convenience of depositors.

Members of the forces serving overseas may, under an agency agreement with Barclays Bank Limited, withdraw sums by cable or mail at any branch of that Bank in Great Britain or the Middle East.

An arrangement has been completed with the Department of the Army whereby members of the A.I.F. abroad may operate on their Savings Bank accounts through the A.I.F. Paymasters. A member may have amounts transferred to the credit of his State Savings Bank account and may withdraw amounts by mail or cable on application to the Paymaster. These facilities are available in Great Britain, the Middle East and Malaya and are provided at a minimum cost.

For many members of the forces the Bank is collecting fortnightly allotment money for the credit of their accounts or of the accounts of their nominees. This service is appreciated by their dependents.

Valuable documents, securities, etc., are held for safe custody without charge during a depositor's period of service.

16. Banking by Post. Depositors, residing in sparsely populated parts of the State some distance from a branch or agency of the Bank, may deposit or withdraw money through the post free of cost, postage stamps and stationery being provided; 1,387 depositors avail themselves of this system.

17. The Safe Deposit Department holds, free of charge, on behalf of depositors 57,629 lodgments of debentures, issued or guaranteed by the Commonwealth or Victorian State Governments for a total face value of £12,405,000; 368,218 war savings certificates for a face value of £2,245,422 are also held. In addition parcels and boxes containing deeds, etc., for which (with the exception noted in paragraph 15) a small charge is made, are held for 14,686 depositors.

18. The Insurance Trust Fund Account, established in March, 1921, amounts to $\pounds 853,631/0/2$. There are 39,672 current policies providing an aggregate insurance cover of $\pounds 30.011,757$.

Part 2.—CREDIT FONCIER DEPARTMENT.

19. The Credit Foncier Department was established in 1896, under Act No. 1481, for the purpose of granting long term loans to assist persons employed in agricultural, horticultural, viticultural, or pastoral pursuits. In 1910, under Act No. 2280, the authority to make advances was extended to include loans for the purchase or erection of dwellings and shops, and in 1920 was again extended, under Act No. 3088, to include advances to persons of small means enabling them to purchase from the Bank homes erected or acquired by the Bank. Acts No. 3098 in 1920 and No. 3145 in 1921 authorized the Bank to make advances to country industries on the security of first mortgage over land, buildings, machinery and uncalled capital.

20. Funds for the Purpose of Making Advances are obtained from the flotation of Credit Foncier debenture loans and from repayments made by borrowers. Debenture loans current at 30th June total £19,754,930. Debenture loan "L" of £1,500,000 which matured 1st May, 1941, was converted by the issue of a new loan for the same amount at 3§ per cent. per annum for ten years. These debenture loans are guaranteed by the State Government and the interest is free from ordinary and special State Income Taxes, but is subject to State Unemployment Relief Tax and Federal Income Tax.

21. The Net Profit for the Year, after making provision for doubtful debts, depreciation and contingencies, is \$37,856/5/5 compared with \$32,615/4/3 for the previous year. As required by the Act, the profit is transferred to the General Reserve.

22. Reserve Funds total $\pounds 1,297,734$, comprising General Reserve $\pounds 697,734$ and Reserves for Depreciation and Contingencies $\pounds 600,000$.

23. (a) Credit Foncier Mortgage Loans. At present loans not exceeding $\pounds 1,000$ at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum interest are granted for the undermentioned purposes:—

Farms.—Up to two-thirds of the Bank's valuation. To improve or develop the land, to purchase stock or implements, and to carry on.

Dwellings and Shops.—Up to 75 per cent. of the Bank's valuation. To erect dwellings and shops. Buildings must be erected under the supervision of either the Bank or an architect favourably known to the Bank.

Loans are repayable by instalments including principal and interest as follows:---

Farms.-Half-yearly payment of £3 for each £100.

Dwellings and Shops.—Quarterly payment of £1/10/- for each £100.

Each loan is granted for a period of ten years, but, provided the conditions of the mortgage have been fulfilled, the borrower will be entitled to a renewal on terms ruling at the time, subject to revaluation of the security if deemed necessary.

(b) Credit Foncier Housing Advances. At present advances at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum interest, not exceeding 90 per cent. of the Bank's valuation of the property, with a maximum of £1,000 for a brick house or £900 for a wooden house, are granted to persons who do not own a dwelling house and who are in receipt of an income of not more than £400 per annum to enable them to purchase from the Bank houses erected or acquired by the Bank.

The applicant is required to provide in cash the difference between the cost of the property (land, buildings, etc.) and the advance granted. The advance, which represents the balance of the purchase money owing at date of sale of the property, is repayable over twenty-eight years by monthly instalments. The rate of repayment for the first ten years, including interest, is 10/6 per £100 per month. At the end of ten and twenty years the instalment and interest rates will be reviewed, but the interest rate will not be increased beyond the Bank's then ruling rate.

Since 1921 when these advances commenced, 8,462 houses have been erected, and 4,293 have been purchased for sale to applicants.

24. The Rate of Interest for all loans has been $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum throughout the year.

25. Advances made during the year amounted to $\pounds 509,238$, compared with $\pounds 1,574,357$ in the previous year. The reduction in the amount advanced is a consequence of the Bank's policy of conserving funds so that support may be given to war loans.

26. Various Classes of Loans. The following statement shows, under each class of loan, the total sums advanced and repaid from the commencement of Credit Foncier loans in 1897 to date, the number of current loans and the balance of principal:---

Class of Loan	Com- menced (Year)	Advanced	Repaid	Number of Current Loans	Balance of Principal
Farms Dwellings and	1897	£11,898,104	£7,665,189	4,503	£4,232,915
Shops Housing Country Industries	$\begin{array}{c}1911\\1921\end{array}$	$31,236,648 \\ 9,300,573 \\ 187,059$	4,184,484		11,270,722 *5,116,089 31,030
		52,622,384	£31,971,628	38,499	†£20,650,750

*Including land at Garden City, Port Melbourne, for future operation, £18,131.

[†]Towards the repayment of this amount, borrowers have lodged to their credit, in advance, £482,827, which earns interest at the rate paid on the loan account.

27. The Average Balance of Loans at 30th June, 1941, is as follows:—

Farms			 		£940	0	5
Dwellings	and	Shops	 	 	455	13	2
Housing			 	 `	552	14	8

28. **Repayments of Principal.** The amount of principal repaid by borrowers during each of the past five years is shown in the following statement:—

Class of Loan	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941
Farms	£220,382	303,944	£216,576	£255,093	£250,257
Shops Housing Country Industries	857,186 410,346	314,181	880,988 296,150 11,460		
	£1,504,266	£1,461,338	1,405,174	£1,572,174	£1,604,379

29. Borrowers who have Paid their Interest in Full. The percentages, at 30th June, of those who have paid their interest to the end of the previous quarter (31st March) are as follows:---

Farms		 	 82.93	\mathbf{per}	cent.	
Dwellings and S	Shops	 	 98.26	,,	,,	
Housing		 	 99.03			

30. The Percentage of Properties in Possession is only .42 of the total number of securities.

31. Garden City, Port Melbourne. At 30th June 256 houses have been completed and 17 are in course of construction. The area will permit the erection of a further 49 houses.

Part 3.—GENERAL.

32. Mr. J. Thornton Jones, General Manager of the Bank since 1st March, 1937, retired on 1st September, 1940. The Commissioners accepted his resignation with regret and placed on record their appreciation of the valuable service which Mr. Jones had rendered to the Bank and the community over a period of nearly 54 years. Mr. N. R. Williams was appointed General Manager to succeed Mr. Jones, and Mr. N. S. White was appointed Assistant General Manager.

33. The Staff. At 30th June 232 members of the staff have enlisted in the navy, army or air force; of these 195 are on service abroad or in Australia and 35 are awaiting entry into camp. It is recorded with regret that two of the Bank's officers have lost their lives during service overseas.

Although the staff has been much depleted by enlistments and the absence of trainees at militia camps, the enthusiastic co-operation of officers has ensured the maintenance of the Bank's high standard of service to the public.

W. WARREN KERR, Chairman.

JAS. C. GATES, Deputy Chairman.

Commissioners.

JNO. KEAN,

D. B. COPLAND,

HECTOR T. MCKENZIE,

N. R. WILLIAMS,

General Manager.

18th August, 1941.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

BALANCE SHEET, 30th JUNE, 1941

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LIABILITIES			
Depositors' Balances, with Interest to date:			
Current Accounts £68,831,965 3 8			
School Bank Accounts 261,591 13 6			
Victorian Savings Bank Deposit			
Stock Accounts 2,653,183 4 0			
£71,746.740	1	2	
Balance due for Agents' Salaries, and School Bank			1
Commission 12,438	2	10	•
Sundry Amounts held in Trust 68,997	1	0	
Fidelity Guarantee Fund 10,000		0	
Officers' Trust and Provident Funds 869,085	4	7	
Insurance Trust Fund Account 853,631		2	
Reserves for Interest Fluctuation, Depreciation			
and Contingencies 1,285,000			
General Reserve 4,320,000	0	0	
Profit and Loss Account 154,662	19	0	

£79,320,554 8 9

Melbourne, 18th August, 1941.

N. R. WILLIAMS, General Manager.

84. . .

We, the undersigned Auditors, in accordance with Section 49 of Act No. 3777, report that we have examined the books, accounts, and vouchers of the Commissioners, that we have satisfied ourselves as to the existence of the whole of the assets, and that the above Balance-Sheet is, in our opinion, a correct statement of their accounts, and agrees with their books.

The Balance-Sheets from the Branches have been accepted on the signatures of the respective Managers.

J. G. DAVIS A. H. BARRACLOUGH Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Auditors.

Melbourne, 11th August, 1941.

10

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

BALANCE SHEET, 30th JUNE, 1941

ASSETS

Bank Premises						
Interest after provision	$2,417,312 \\7,815$	$\frac{3}{1}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7\\ 0\end{array}$	2,425,127	4	7
Mortgage Securities Properties in Possession	$\substack{2,414,849\\2,462}$	$16 \\ 7$	$1 \\ 6$		10	
Municipal and other Public Au- thorities Debentures and Stock (Face Value, £4,210,175/2/-) Interest Accrued or Due	4,159,747		$4 \\ 0$	4,205,880	12	4
Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works Debentures and Stock (Face Value, £1,709,500) Accrued Interest	$\substack{1,597,262\\25,367}$		0 6			
Stock (Face Value, £12,943,850) Accrued Interest	$\substack{12,943,850\\65,903}$			13,009,753		5
Australian Consolidated Treasury Bonds and Stock, and Common- wealth Treasury Bills (Face Value, £3,356,000)	$\substack{3,322,257\\18,489}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	11 1			0
Cash on hand and at Bankers, Bank with accrued interest, and other Australian Consolidated Inscribed Stock for the State of Victoria (Face Value, £28,144,980/4/8)	liquid asse	ets 4	\$	£25,420,091 28,531,325		0



Commissioners of the State Savings Bank of Victoria.

We, the undersigned Auditors appointed by the Governor in Council under Section 124 (2) of Act No. 3777, report that we have examined the above Balance-Sheet, and found it to agree with the books of the Commissioners of the State Savings Bank of Victoria, and have satisfied ourselves as to the existence of the assets.

A. A. FITZGERALD Chartered Accountants (Aust.), STANLEY G. YOUNG Auditors.

Melbourne, 12th August, 1941.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For Year ended 30th June, 1941

$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{r}.$

posit Stock Accounts 65,338 14 9	£1,329,517		
" Interest credited to Fidelity Guarantee Fund	500	- 0	0
" Interest credited to Officers' Trust and Pro-	10 075		0
vident Funds	40,675		
" Expenses of Management	572,483	18	1
" Expenditure on Bank Premises for Maintenance,	11 007	e	4
Painting, Repairs, etc	11,087		
"Writing down Bank Premises	24,500	0	0
General Order No. 36	11,623	0	0
" Transfer to Reserve for Contingencies	124,500		
", Transfer to General Reserve	275,000		0
Balance—	210,000	0	0
Forward from last year £182,673 13 9			
Profit for year 246,989 5 3			
£429,662 19 0			
Less — Transfer to General			
Reserve 275,000 0 0			
Forward to next year	154,662	19	0
그는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것은 것이 같은 것이 같이 많이 많이 많이 했다.			
	£2,544,550	7	10 .

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For Year ended 30th June, 1941

$\mathbf{Cr.}$

0

By Balance from last		£182,673	13	9
" Gross Income for doubtful debts		2,361,876	14	1

£2,544,550 7 10

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

CREDIT FONCIER DEPARTMENT

BALANCE SHEET, 30th JUNE, 1941

LIABILITIES

Debentures and Debenture Stock—			
3% $12,000,000$ 0 0			
33% 1,500,000 0 0			
3 § % 1,605,940 0 0			
33% 2,000,000 0 0			
33%			
4% 1,000,000 0 0			
$4\frac{1}{8}\%$ $1,425,420$ 0 0			
£19,754.930 0 0 Accrued Interest 108,550 7 6			
Accrued Interest 108,550 7 6			
	19,863,480	7	6
Interest on Debentures and Debenture Stock, due	1 0 0 0	1 7	
but not paid	1,838	17	1
Debentures and Debenture Stock matured but not yet paid	8,800	0	0
Borrowers' Payments in Advance	0,000	U	0
on account of Principal, with in-			
terest added f482,827 3 7			
Other Payments in Advance not			
bearing interest 107 0 5			
bearing interest 101 0 5	482,934	4	0
Sundry Amounts held in trust	85,913		$\frac{0}{2}$
Savings Bank Department	8,049		3
Reserves for Depreciation and Contingencies		0	0
General Reserve		17	3
	001,101		0

£21,748,751 11 3

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Dr.				
To Interest on Debentures and Debenture Stock	£684,969	14	11	
" Interest on Borrowers' Payments in Advance	20,125	14	3	
" Provision for extinction of Discount on Deben-				
tures and Stock	3,046			
" Expenses of Management	106,931	1	11	
Valuators' and Architects' Salaries and Expenses	17,259	2	3	
" Profit for year—Transferred to General Reserve	37,856	5	5	
양양 방법 전 동안에 가지 않는 것 같아. 한 것 같아. 신영 제	£870,188	5	2	

Melbourne, 18th August, 1941.

N. R. WILLIAMS,

General Manager.

We, the undersigned Auditors, in accordance with Section 49 of Act No. 3777, report that we have examined the books, accounts, and vouchers of the Credit Foncier Department, and that the above Balance-Sheet is, in our opinion, a correct statement of its accounts, and agrees with its books.

We have satisfied ourselves that all securities are in the possession or in the control of the Commissioners, and that the cash at Bankers is correct.

> J. G. DAVIS A. H. BARRACLOUGH Chartered Accountants (Aust.), Auditors.

Melbourne, 11th August, 1941.

THE STATE SAVINGS BANK OF VICTORIA

CREDIT FONCIER DEPARTMENT

BALANCE SHEET, 30th JUNE, 1941

ASSETS

Mortgage Securities-							
Farm Loans	£3.704.601	11	6				
Farm Loans, Returned Soldiers	302.556						
Loans on Dwellings and Shops	001,000	v	U				
(including progress payments							
on houses in course of erec-							
tion)	9,462,650	0	17				
Loans on Dwellings and Shops	5,402,050	9	'				
-Returned Soldiers	1,800,722	10	11				
	1,000,722	10	TT				
Housing Loans (including land							
acquired for building purposes							
and progress payments on	F 110 007		0				
houses in course of erection)		1	8				
Properties Let or Leased	222,279	15	- (
Properties in Possession	14,527						
Loans to Country Industries	31,029	12	4				
	120,650,755						
Interest after provision							
			£	20,676,591	4	0	
Bank Fixed Deposit Receipts	800,000	- 0	0				
Accrued Interest	5,001	14	6				
			_	805,001	14	6	
Discount on issue of Current De-							
bentures and Stock	10,771	13	10				
Less — Proportion written off to							
date	3,536	10	- 0				
승규는 아이는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 많이 했다.				7,235	- 3	10	
Sundry Debtors				491	2	- 0	
Cash at Bankers				259,432	6	11	
			£	91 749 751	11	9	

£21,748,751 11 3

FOR YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE, 1941.

Cr.

By Gross Income, after provision for doubtful debts £870,188 5 2

£870,188 5 2



Commissioners of the State Savings Bank of Victoria.

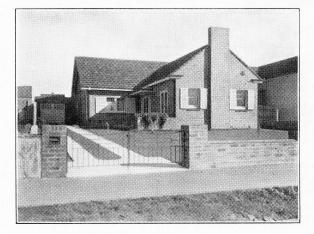
We, the undersigned Auditors appointed by the Governor in Council under Section 124 (2) of Act No. 3777, report that we have examined the above Balance-Sheet, and found it to agree with the books of the Credit Foncier Department. We further report that in accordance with Section 122 (2) of the abovementioned Act, and so far as we are able to form an opinion, the net profits are as stated.

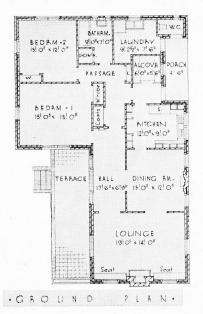
A. A. FITZGERALD Chartered Accountants (Aust.), STANLEY G. YOUNG Auditors.

Melbourne, 12th August, 1941.

BRICK VENEER RESIDENCE

Erected under the supervision of the Bank, on Credit Foncier Housing Conditions.

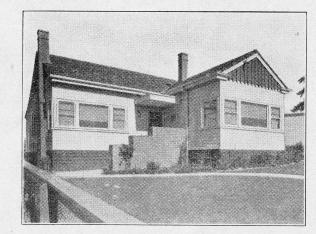


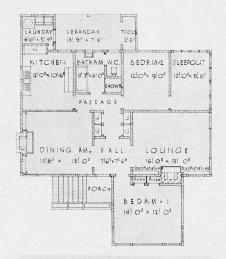


C

TIMBER-FRAMED RESIDENCE

Erected under the supervision of the Bank, on Credit Foncier Housing Conditions.





· GROUND PLAN·